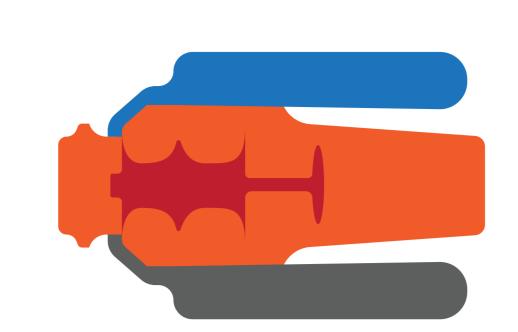
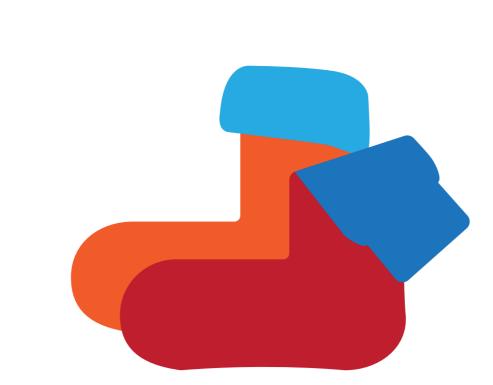
Development Schema



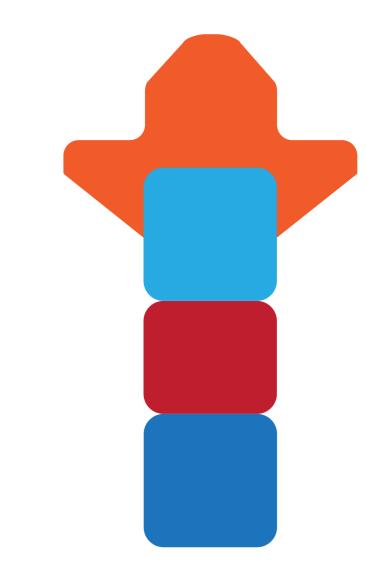
Elevation form inspired by the Rover W.2B engine designed by Sir Frank Whittle.

'Little Whittle' Series



The everyday pair of socks - folding outward onto itself.

'Sock' Series



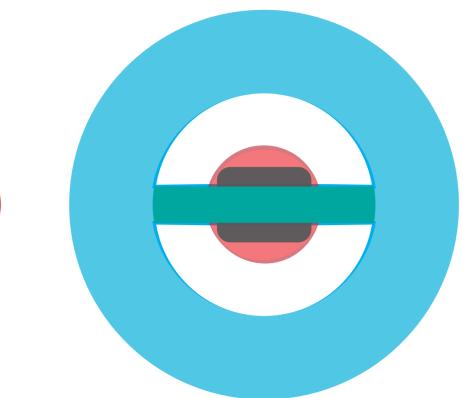
Totem poles from Native American cultures and the concept of multi-stage stacking.

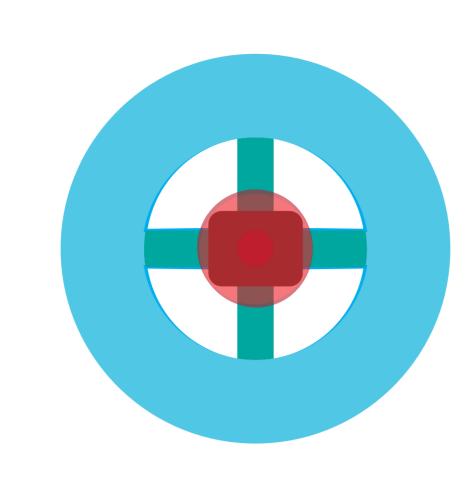
'Totem' Series

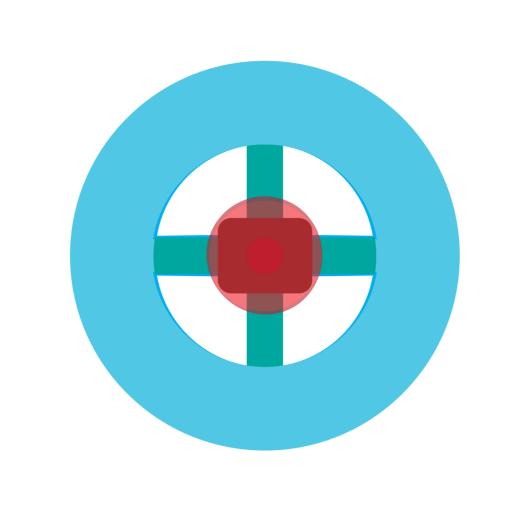


Regn was designed to be

easily adapted to both the

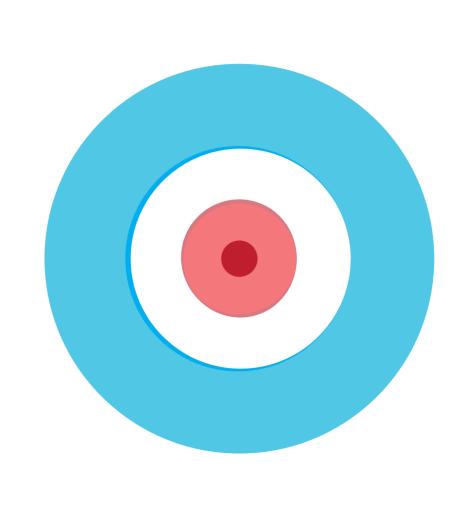




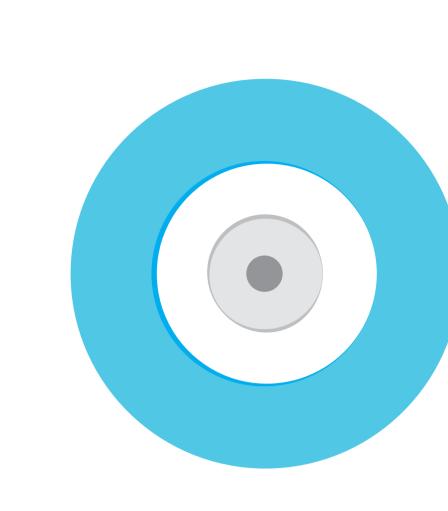


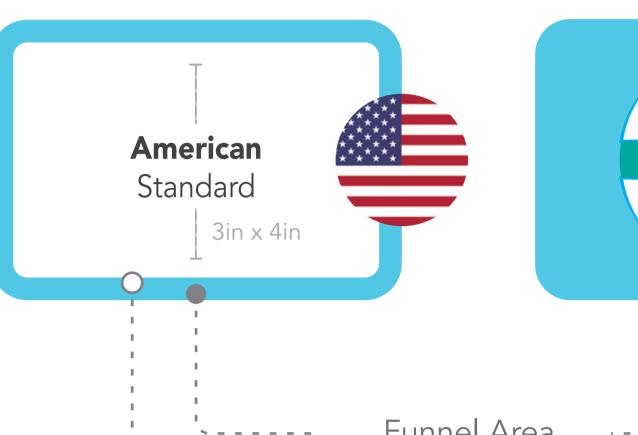


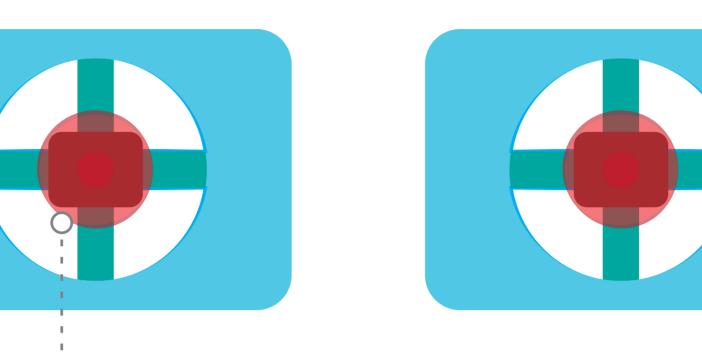




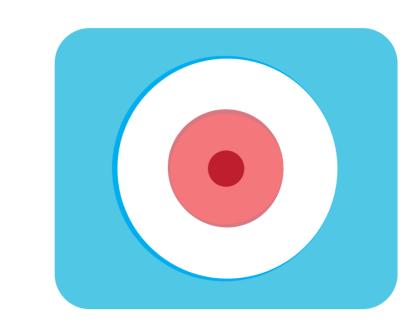


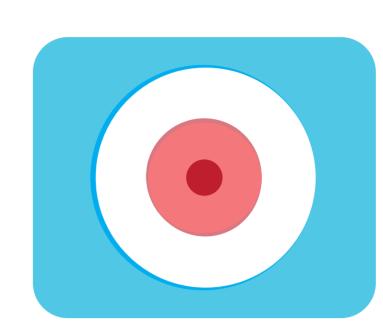


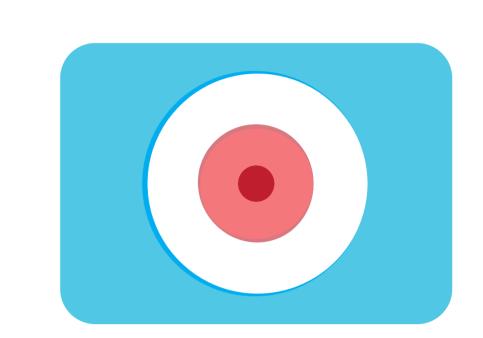


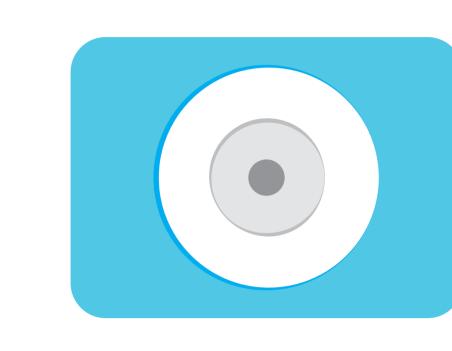


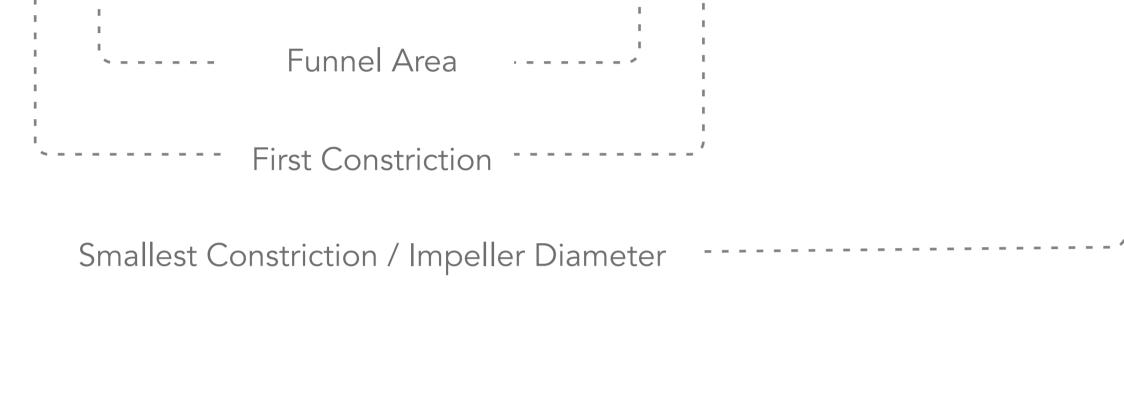


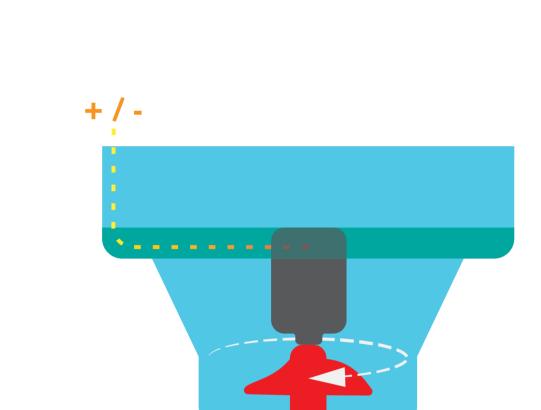


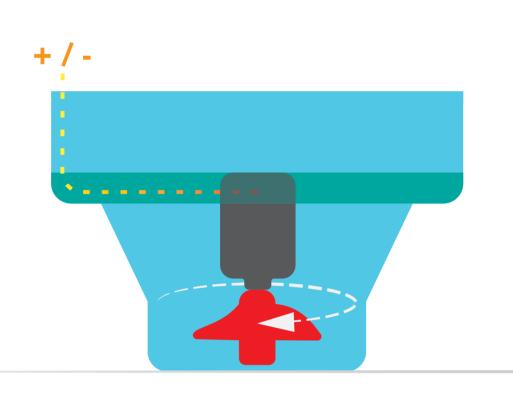


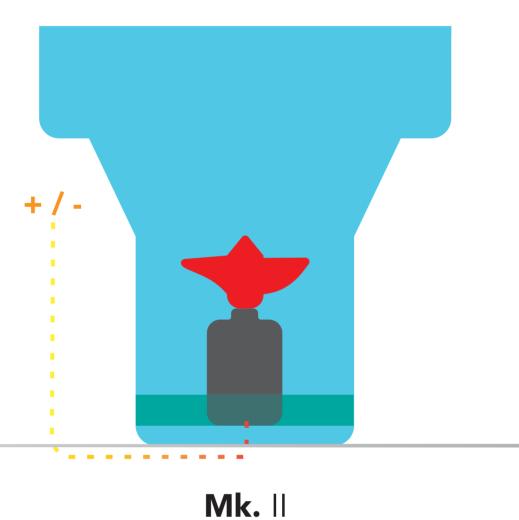


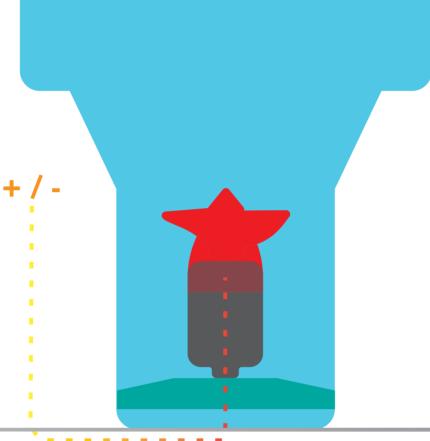




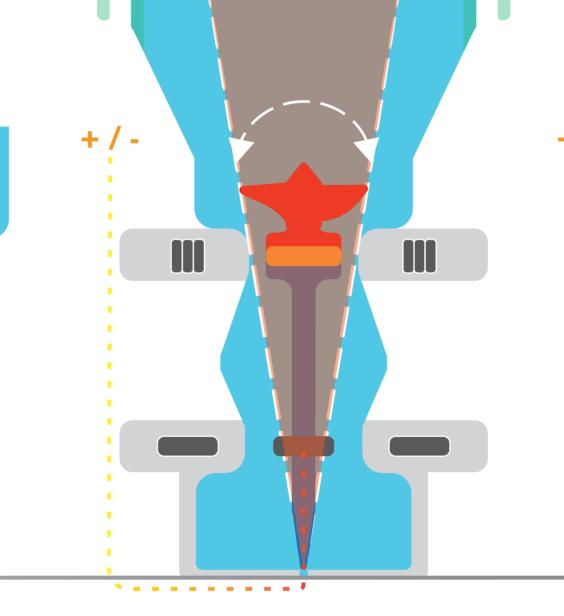


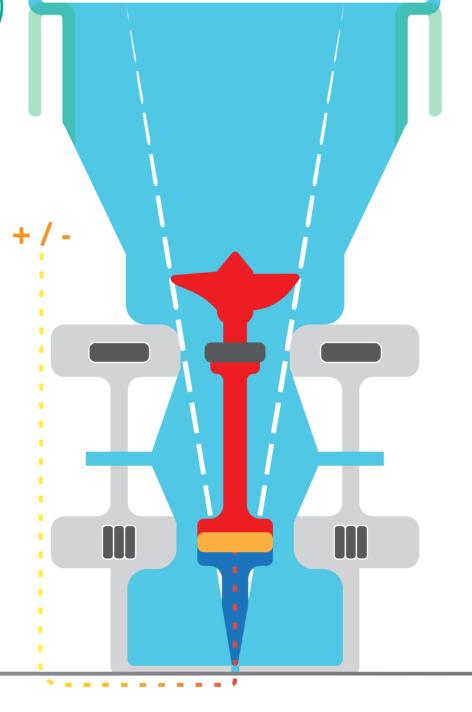




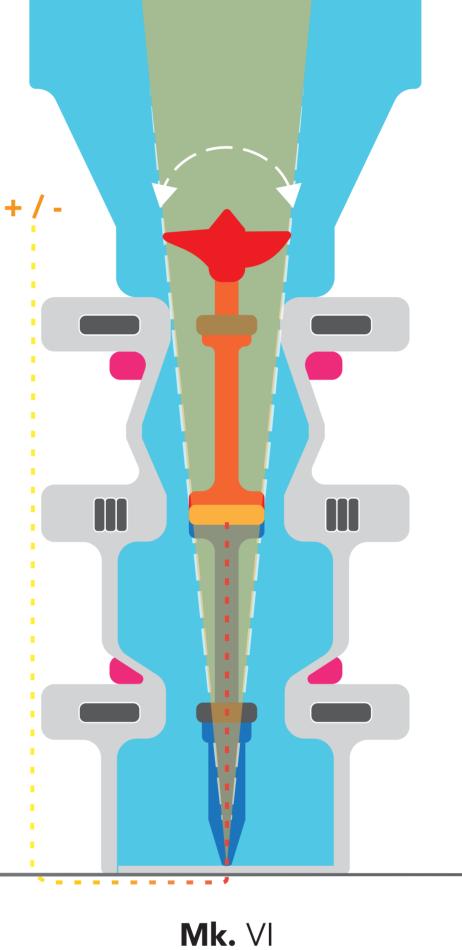


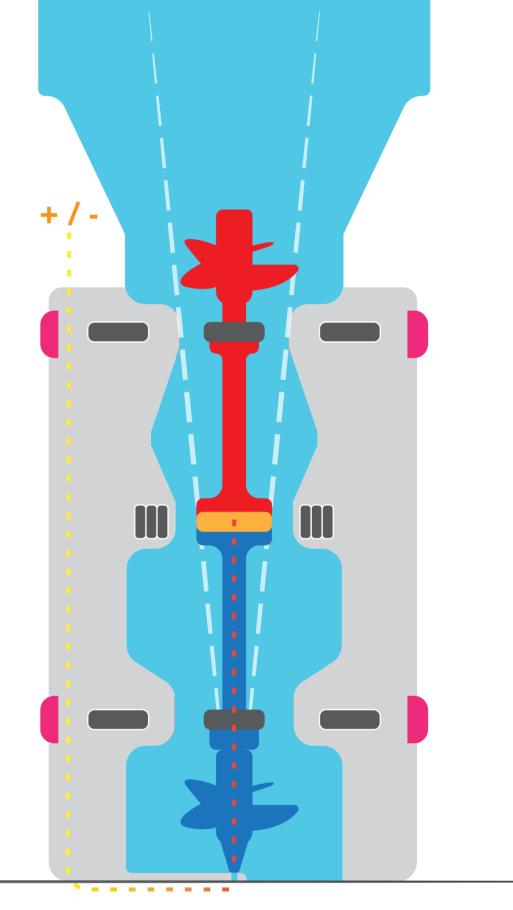
Mk. |||

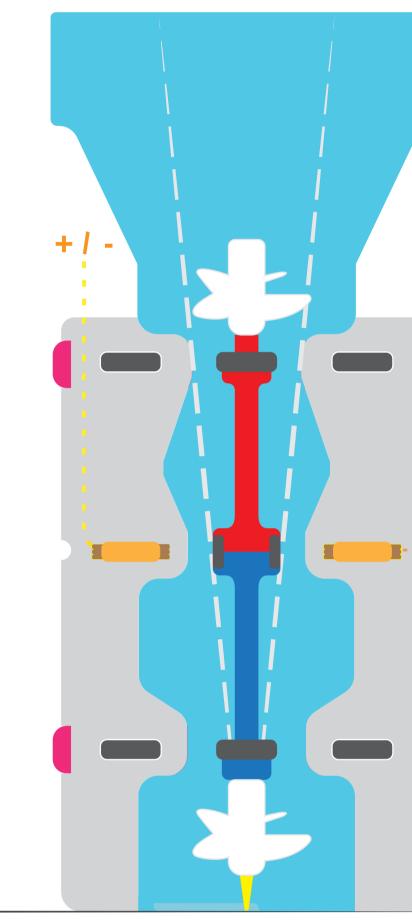




Mk. V







Spigot Connector

i. Off-the-shelf Components: Impeller and micro-hydro gen-

Mk.

ii. Monocoque Funnel: Integrated generator bracing.

a. Fluid flow cross-section ob**structed** due to ribbings required for maintaining torsional stability.

i. Hydrodynamic Efficiency: Impeller positioned at top to better capture swash.

ii. Torsional Stability: Generator bracing cross-ribbed to increase stiffness.

a. Flow cross-section obstruction increased due to cross ribs to maintain torsional stability.

b. Risk of fibre-strand clogging increased due to spindle position.

i. Spinder Efficiency: Impeller and generator cowling integrated into single form.

ii. Fibre-strand Clogging Reduction: Cowling integration reduces opportunities for obstruction lodging on upper sege-

a. Non-true vertical rotation developes due to misaligned pipelines and acount for component cavitation wear.

b. Fluid flow cross-section area still obstructed due to cross ribs to maintain torsional stabili-

i. Spindle Efficiency: Levitated shaft makes physical contact at a single point reducing generated

Mk. IV

ii. Clogging/Obstruction Tolerance: Magnetically levitated shaft allows spindle to forcefully 'bounce' off to side walls in the event of foreign object entry.

iii. Rubber 'Sock' Fitting: Better watertight sealing at

covered

a. Generator components segregated into magnets and coils complicating construction.

b. Additional housing components required to brace segregated components as monocoque funnel shell is no longer feasible.

c. Fluid flow bottleneck created due to bulk of coils on spindle.

d. Current plane of levitation causes frequent displacement of spindle.

e. Twisted output wiring was consistently encountered leading to stress build up in between exposed and shielded wire sessions.

f. Spindle tip wears out too quickly.

i. Rectified Levitation Plane: Spindle is less prone to frequent displacment due to cavitation. friction. Flow cross-section is re-Fluid is less prone to bottleneck at smallest constriction.

ii. Refined Housing: A simplified two-part housing reduces number of overall components. Added 'sock' mounting points to rigidly hold funnel core open.

> a. Unshielded butadiene components degrades under long periods of exposure to UV radia-

b. Severe cavitation still causes spindle displacment due to non-rigid funnel shell and singular plane of force to arrest spindle.

c. Spinning resistance is increased as spindle is tethered by electrical output wiring line.

d. Twisted output wiring was consistently encountered leading to stress build up in between exposed and shielded wire sessions.

e. Spindle tip wears out too

i. Reduced Spindle Precession: Additional levitation plane reduces allowed angle of precession and places additional

ii. PVC Shielding: The housing and funnel shell would be made of PVC instead of butadiene based materials

downforce on spindle tip

iii. Rounded Spindle Tip: Tip profile was blunted to reduce abrasive contact between wirirng and tip base.

a. Twisted output wiring was consistently encountered leading to stress build up in between exposed and shielded wire ses-

b. Clumsy housing form made insertion into existing pipeline due to high amount of ridges.

c. Elastic bands loose elasticity and degrades with time despite.

c. Spindle tip wears out too

i. Refined Housing: Ridges have been replaced with smoothened exterior walls. ii. Three-Blade Impeller:

Mk. VII

Increases the swash capture surface area with minimal sacrifice in unobstructed flow cross section.

iii. Reusable Cable Ties: Nylon (polyamide) cable ties are used to fasten housing shell halves together and facilitate maintenance.

a. Twisted output wiring was consistently encountered leading to stress build up in between exposed and shielded wire ses-

b. Three-blade Impeller complicates injection moulding process for spindle parts.

c. Spindle tip wears out too quickly.

i. Refined Housing: Housing simplified to symmetrical half shell with snap-off spindle tip base.

Mk. VIII

ii. Coil-Magnet Position Swap: Coils are now wound around Seeger rings (circlip) circling around the funnel shell exterior. Magnets occupy mid-point of spindle. Layers of Seeger rings produce similar lamination effect to eliminate dentrimental

eddy current generation. iii. Segregated Impellers: Impellers are now separate

components from spindle to reduce moulding complexity. Connection points correspond to distinct top and bottom spindle ends.

Separate components allows for the additional advantage of clear impeller parts to facilitate maintenance checks.

iv. Tungsten-Carbide Tip: Tips from expended Bic 'Biro/Cristal' styled ballpoint pens fit into bottom spindle

end. Any leftover oil-based ink helps lubricate spin point. v. Scalloped Spindle Base: Internal scalloped ridge feature on housing improves spindle

retention during spin.

a. Increased overall component count offset by use of off-the-shelf components, eimproved efficiency and enhanced reliability.

Spigot Connector

1 off-the-shelf component

PVC - poly (vinyl chrloride)

Mk.

3 types of custom components 2 types of off-the-shelf

PVC - poly (vinyl chrloride)

ABS - acrylonitrile butadi-

Generator - A/C **Shielded Cable**

components

Mk. ||

3 types of custom components

PVC - poly (vinyl chrloride)

2 types of off-the-shelf

ABS - acrylonitrile butadiene styrene

Generator - A/C 1 **Shielded Cable**

components

4 types of custom components 2 types of off-the-shelf

Mk. |||

components **PVC** - poly (vinyl chrloride)

ABS - acrylonitrile butadiene styrene

Generator - A/C 1 **Shielded Cable**

Mk. IV

components

4 types of custom components 3 types of off-the-shelf

NBR - nitrile butadiene ABS - acrylonitrile butadi-

ene styrene

Neodymium - nickel plated Copper - 34 AWG coils

Shielded Cable

Mk. V

4 types of custom components 3 types of off-the-shelf

components NBR - nitrile butadiene

ABS - acrylonitrile butadiene styrene Neodymium - nickel plated

Copper - 34 AWG coils **Shielded Cable**

Mk. VI

4 types of custom components 4 types of off-the-shelf

components **PVC** - poly (vinyl chrloride)

ABS - acrylonitrile butadiene styrene **Neodymium -** nickel plated magnets

> Elastic Band - latex rubber Copper - 34 AWG coils

Shielded Cable

Mk. VII

5 types of custom components 4 types of off-the-shelf

components PVC - poly (vinyl chrloride)

ABS - acrylonitrile butadi-

Neodymium - nickel plated

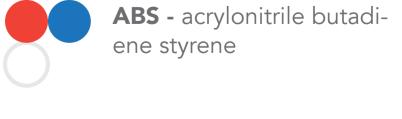
Cable Tie - polyamide

Copper - 34 AWG coils 1 **Shielded Cable**

Mk. VIII

5 types of custom components 6 types of off-the-shelf

components **PVC** - poly (vinyl chrloride)



Neodymium - nickel plated Cable Tie - polyamide

Copper - 34 AWG coils **Pen Tip -** tungsten-carbide

> Seeger Ring - carbon steel **Shielded Cable**

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